

# THE LINCOLN COUNTY HERALD.

VOL. I.

TROY, LINCOLN COUNTY, MO.. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1866.

NO. 45

THE LINCOLN COUNTY HERALD  
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
EDMUND J. ELLIS.

TERMS, \$2 a year in advance.

## Rates of Advertising.

One square, 10 lines or less one insertion, \$1 50  
Each additional insertion - - - 75  
Advertisements of Notices, - - - 3 00  
Final Settlement Notices, - - - 3 00  
Special Notices (of a single day), - - 3 00  
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A liberal deduction will be made to yearly advertisers.

All legal advertisements must be paid for when publication is certified to.

Transient advertisements must be accompanied with the cash.

Advertisements not marked or numbered will be inserted till otherwise ordered and charged for at the above rates.

Professional cards of ten lines or less, will be inserted one year for \$10.

Marriage, Death, Funeral and Church notices will be published free.

All communications of a personal nature must be published over the writer's name.

## Regular Terms of the Courts of Lincoln County.

COUNTY COURT.—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.  
CIRCUIT COURT.—Third Monday in March and Fourth Monday in September.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

United States Senators.—John B. Henderson, and R. Grate Brown.  
Member of Congress Ninth District.—George W. Anderson, of Pike county.  
State Senator.—E. B. Carroll.  
Representative.—J. Winston Smith.  
Judge of Circuit Court.—T. J. C. Fagg, Pike.  
Circuit Attorney.—E. P. Johnson.  
Judges of County Court.—M. L. Lovel, President, Sam. T. Ingram, and James Wilson.  
Clerk of Circuit Court and Recorder.—A. B. Martin.  
Clerk of County Court and School Commissioner.—F. C. Gage.  
Sheriff and Collector of Revenue.—J. B. Knox.  
County Treasurer.—S. R. Wofford.  
Public Administrator.—R. H. Hudson.  
County Assessor.—D. B. Snidley.  
County Superintendent of Common Schools and Local Agent.—Jas. M. McEllan.  
U. S. Collector 4th District.—A. H. Martin.

No. 17 South Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Transient, Weekly and Day Borders accommodated on reasonable terms.

## JOE ALLEN,

Attorney at Law.

AND AUCTIONEER.

Truxton, Lincoln County, Mo.

Will practice in all the Courts of the third Judicial Circuit. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to.  
Dec. 12, 1865. n1

## JAMES H. McLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND  
LITIGATORY CLAIM AGENT.

TROY, Lincoln County, Mo.

Office in the Court House.

Dec. 12, 1865. n1

## F. T. WILLIAMS,

Attorney at Law,

AND

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Truxton, Lincoln County,  
MISSOURI.

December 12, 1865. n1 1y

## JAMES A. WARD,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office one door North of Hart and Sturges,

TROY, MO.,

December 12, 1865. n1

## WILLIAM PORTER

Attorney at Law,

TROY, LINCOLN COUNTY, MO.

Office in the Court House.

December 12, 1865. n1

DR. J. C. GOODRICH  
DENTIST.

WILL SPEND ONE THIRD OF  
his time in Troy, from the 20th  
to the end of each month, where  
he will attend to the calls of those who may  
desire his services.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless  
removal of teeth. Teeth inserted on Gold Silver  
and Rubber Base. Also, combination of Gold and  
Rubber.

Reference, my old patrons,  
Office, at Westville. [June 22, 1866.]

## Final Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested  
in the estate of Richard H. Blanton deceased, will make  
settlement of his administration of said estate at the  
next November term of the Lincoln county Court,  
to be begun and held in Troy, on  
Monday the 12th day of November 1866.  
JOHN C. BLANTON, Administrator.  
Sept. 27, 1866, no 40 3t

## \$20 Reward.

STRAYED or stolen from the undersigned living  
five miles north of Auburn, a Grey Mare,  
ten years old, about 16 hands high, near on one  
of her fore legs, also near on point of same about  
also a black mare with white spots, (suckling) large  
and fine, also a two year old bay mare, branded  
on left shoulder with the letters T. L. The  
above reward will be paid for any information  
leading to the recovery of said animals.  
Address  
at Auburn or  
October 5, 1866. n1 3w

GIBBS, FIELD & ROSS,  
St. Charles, Mo.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SAT-

INETS, TWEEDS,

FLANNELS, LINSEYS,

Jeans Blankets,

And Yarns.

500,000 Lbs. Wool

WANTED!

For which cash will be paid, or our manufactured  
goods exchanged.

GIBBS, FIELD & ROSS,  
may 4, 1866. 8m

ST. CHARLES

WOOLEN FACTORY

Corner Main & Chaucery Streets

ST. CHARLES, MISSOURI.

PAUL WALTON & Co.,

Proprietors.

ARE at all times prepared to fill orders for

6-4 FULL D CLOTHS,

6-4 MERINO CLOTHS,

PLAID LINSEYS,

WHITE LINSEYS,

FLANNELS,

JEANS (of all colors),

CARPETS, FIGURED COVERLETS

All Wool Blankets,

Stocking Yarns, Etc.

To all of which we invite the attention of  
merchants and farmers. The highest market  
price paid for Wool. [May 4, 1866] 3m

JONATHAN PEIRCE,

MANUFACTURER OF

WOODEN PUMPS,

LOUISIANA, MO.

WE are making the TOWN CITY Pump, with de-  
tailed chamber, iron fastenings for handle.  
The Illinois Pump, springing, Deccator and Chi-  
cago patterns. Also, the Pennsylvania Pump,  
Eric and Juncoborough patterns, all of which we  
sell as low for cash

as they can be bought at any other Factory in the  
United States. A liberal discount on large orders  
of ONE hundred and over.

Persons ordering can address Halsey and Co.  
Commission Merchants in this city, or through any  
traveling agent, William Bonden, the only au-  
thorized traveling agent in the State to take or-  
ders. All orders promptly filled.

JONATHAN PEIRCE,  
may 18, 1866 n21 8m [Louisiana mo.]

J. M. Crawford

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Books, Stationery, Cheap P. Uca-

tions, Newspapers & Magazines,

No. 54 N. 4th street, ST. LOUIS, MO

Particular attention paid to filling all orders  
for the Country trade.

Publisher of Fialas Sectional and Township  
map of Missouri; Barclay's digest of Missouri Re-  
ports and Whittier's Missouri Form Book.  
June 8, 1866 n4 7m

Chapman Thompson & Co.

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

LUMBER, TIMBER,

Sheds and Shingles,

Also, Manufacturers of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, &c.

Lumber Yard 421 Broadway, East Factory  
and Planing Mill, Locust street between Third  
and Fourth, ST. LOUIS, MO

All kinds of dressed lumber, moulding, &c., on  
hand. Building of all kinds and job work atten-  
ded to. Jan. 8, no 2. 1y

Balmer & Weber,

Publishers of Music,

No. 56 Fourth street, St. Louis Mo.

DEALERS IN

Piano-Fortes & Musical Instruments

Of every description; Western Agents for sale of

Steinway and Son's Gold Medal,

Baldwin and Weber, and Miller and Co's Pres-  
ent Piano, and Price and Co's Improved  
Tantum Melodeon, which we furnish at factory  
prices, Wholesale and Retail;

Military Bands, Seminars, Professors and  
Dealers supplied at the most liberal discount.  
New Music published daily, and all new music  
published in the country regularly received.  
June 8, 1866 n24 7m

F. X. KREMER. F. MARTEN.

KREMER & MARTEN,

Proprietors of the

Lafayette Mills,

Corner Main and Jackson Streets,

ST. CHARLES, MO.

Announce to their friends and the public that they  
are now prepared to deliver a choice article of  
WHEAT, RYE and BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,  
CORN MEAL, etc., at the lowest market price.  
They will at all times receive and pay  
the full value for GRAIN delivered at their Mill  
or Warehouse of F. Marten, on Clay street.  
All orders promptly attended to.  
KREMER & MARTEN.  
June 1 1866, n23. 47m

Lusus Naturæ—Half Horse, Half Ox.  
[From the Indianapolis Journal].

During the last week an animal was  
brought to this city from the northern  
part of this State, the like of which was  
never before seen. A year ago we learned  
from several reliable gentlemen, who  
had seen it, that such a monster was ex-  
tant, though rather too diminutive to at-  
tract much attention. About the middle  
of the next month its keepers concluded  
that it had attained growth sufficient to be  
exhibited and it was brought to this city  
remain till after the State Fair, but its  
extreme viciousness rendered it unsafe  
and improper to allow it to stay here.

The general characteristics and features  
of the horse are closely blended with  
those of the ox in this strange and re-  
markable beast. The head and neck are  
broad and heavy, giving it the force dis-  
position of the buffalo, rather than the  
quiet and docile character of the ox, while  
a mane reaching from the forehead to the  
shoulders, and sweeping to the knees, adds  
to the general appearance of ferocity.

The horns are heavy at the base but  
very short, and remarkably polished and  
pointed. The eye is dull, but suggests  
things unutterable—an expression of lat-  
ent power and devilishness, which the  
general appearance of the animal confirms.

The muzzle is black and ugly, the wide  
nostrils arguing a large breathing ap-  
paratus and unconquerable endurance.

The jaw is heavy and prominent, the  
forehead full but rather square. The  
depth of the shoulder is very great, the  
fore legs short and large, the foot broad  
and deeply cleft. But here the bovine  
resemblance ceases altogether, and the  
equine characteristics begin. The body is  
slight and rounded, closely covered by a  
glossy coat of fine hair; a long, flowing  
tail nearly reaching the ground. The  
hinder legs are smooth and lithe as those  
of a race-horse, and the hoofs rather  
slight, but well formed, contrasted with  
the heavy legs and cleft hoofs of the for-  
ward part of the animal. In gait, too, it  
is a ludicrous cross between that of the  
two brutes of whose nature it seems to  
partake. While the motion of the for-  
ward part of the body are slow, awkward  
and shuffling, those of the hinder are  
extremely graceful and agile. Altogether  
it is one of the most wonderful curiosities  
to be found in the animal kingdom.  
Who will give it a name?

## An Honest Confession.

If "an honest confession is good for the  
soul," we have no doubt that the Repub-  
lican Indianapolis correspondent of the  
Boston Advertiser feels better after un-  
bending himself as follows in a letter to  
that paper:

"In 1864 our (the Radical) vote was  
9,500—now it will not be over 6,500!—  
now it will not be over 6,500! Every well  
informed man, Republican or Democrat,  
knows that our majority of two years ago  
was partly made up of fraudulent votes."

The policy of the Radical leaders to-  
wards the southern rebels is precisely  
that of certain royal and priestly Chris-  
tians towards the Jews in the thirteenth  
century. "So far from deriving in that  
age to convert them," says Hume, "it  
was enacted by law, in France, that if any  
Jew embraced Christianity he forfeited  
all his goods, without exception to the  
king, or his superior lord. These plan-  
ders were careful lest the profits accru-  
ing from their dominion over that unhap-  
py race should be diminished by their  
conversion."

## Boys Using Tobacco.

A strong and sensible writer says a  
good sharp thing, and a true one for boys  
who use tobacco. It has utterly spoiled  
and utterly ruined thousands of boys. It  
tends to softening and weakening of the  
bones, and it greatly injures the brain the  
spinal marrow, and the whole nervous  
fluid. A boy who smokes early and fre-  
quently or in any way uses large quan-  
tities of tobacco, is never known to make  
a man of much energy, and generally lacks  
muscular and physical as well as mental  
power. We would particularly warn boys  
who want to be anything in the world to  
shun tobacco a most baneful poison. It  
injures the teeth. It produces an un-  
healthy state of the throat and lungs  
hurts the stomach, and blasts the brain  
and nerve.

THE LARGEST APPLE IN AMERICA.—  
We have on our table an apple pre-  
sented us by Colonel W. C. Buford, from  
the farm of Mrs. May A. Milan, which  
we venture the assertion cannot be beaten  
on the American continent for size and  
quality. It is of the pippin species and  
measures fifteen and three-quarter inches  
in circumference, weighs twenty-eight  
ounces and is one of a bushel and a half  
from the same tree that averaged one and  
a half pounds each. Who says Missou-  
ri is not a fruit growing country?—Har-  
risonville Democrat.

The City Clerk of Springfield, Mass.,  
in turning over the musty records of 1792,  
has found a warrant issued "by the Se-  
lectmen of the town of Springfield" on  
May 30 of that year, ordering 100 per-  
sons who had made themselves citizens  
without the town's consent and approb-  
ation to get out of its limits within fifteen  
days, on pain of severe penalty.

## THE INDIANS.

New York, Oct. 19.—A Tribune Leav-  
enworth special says dates from Puebla  
Colorado Territory, Oct. 8th, says that  
the Ute Indians are committing fearful  
depravations throughout the country,  
stealing stock, killing men, &c., and have  
carried away one man's wife and children.

Further information in regard to the  
fight at Trinidad says Col. Alexander  
reached the scene just in time to witness  
the attack of a rancho by the Indians.  
He engaged them five miles along the  
Purgatory, killing thirteen, with the loss  
of one soldier killed, and two wounded.  
He pursued the Indians but was unable  
to take them.

The Indians made an attack on soldiers  
and citizens. The Indians were repulsed  
with loss of twelve killed. They were  
fighting last evening, result unknown.

Letters from Puebla to Denver apply  
for arms and ammunition against the Ute  
Indians, who are reported to have killed  
fifteen persons, and made prisoners of one  
family.

## FROM KANSAS.

Kansas City, Oct. 20.—Lists of pro-  
scribed Conservatives are coming in—at  
Independence, from registered list, 245;  
Westport 86; Court-House precinct, Kan-  
sas City, 69; nine districts in the county  
and six, including McGee's addition, in  
Kansas City, to her from. It is one of  
the most villainous outrages on white men  
ever attempted, including men who have  
served in the Union service. Can such  
predetermined lawlessness succeed? The  
proscribed are among the best citizen of  
the county and were registered without  
any hesitation by the registers according  
to the preconcerted Fletcher programme.

The Conservatives propose having a  
grand rally before the Court of Appeals  
at Independence, on Tuesday' to contest  
the matter. As I informed you, such was  
the infamous Radical game in which Van  
Horn's canvass consisted. The attempted  
fraud is so barefaced and gross as to be  
ludicrous, and will doubtless be simi-  
lar elsewhere.

## Distressing Casualty

On Thursday evening last, Miss Vin-  
nie Bodine, a most amiable and accom-  
plished daughter of Mr. Isaac A. Bodine,  
of this county, was so horribly burned  
by her clothes taking fire, while engaged  
in some domestic duty, as to cause her  
death the following morning. She was  
an intelligent and highly interesting  
young lady, greatly admired and beloved  
by a large circle of relatives and acquaint-  
ances. She met her fate with great firm-  
ness, retained her full senses to the last,  
calmly gave directions as to her burial,  
and left messages for absent friends. She  
was brought to this place for interment.  
—Paris Mo. Mercury, Oct. 18.

## Mexico.

New York, Oct. 19.—A special Wash-  
ington dispatch to the Boston Journal of  
yesterday morning states that treaties  
with the Imperial Government of Mexico  
have been agreed upon and are under  
process of exchange. The French troops  
and Maximilian withdrew this year from  
Mexico. The United States assumes the  
protection of the Republic guaranteeing  
the French claims. In consideration,  
Mexico secedes to the United States, the  
Province of Lower California and other  
territory south of our present southwest  
boundary.

A Female Candidate for Congress.—  
Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton presents  
herself, in a card published in the Anti-  
Slavery Standard, to the voting popula-  
tion of the Eighth Congressional District  
of New York, as a candidate for Repre-  
sentative in Congress. She professes in-  
dependent principles, with a moral reser-  
vation in favor of the Republican party,  
provided it advocates negro suffrage, and  
asks support on the high ground of safety  
of the nation and justice to its citizens.

Shooting Affray at Lexington, Ky.  
Lexington, Ky., Oct. 17.—This even-  
ing, about twenty minutes to seven o'clock  
a most terrible shooting match occurred at  
the Broadway Hotel Mr. Horace Arment  
and Mr. Ben Warfield entered the office  
of the hotel, almost at the same moment  
and instantly commenced to fire at each  
other. Arment was shot once in the  
breast, and is but slightly wounded. War-  
field was shot in the shoulder and also in  
the bowels, and will undoubtedly die.

## Prospects in Louisiana.

Washington, Oct. 17.  
Maj. Gen. Sheridan commanding the  
Department of the Gulf, has transmitted to  
General Howard of the Freedmen  
Bureau, a report of the condition of the  
freedmen in Louisiana for the quarter  
ending September 30, 1866.

The general states that the prospects of  
cotton are gloomy. The continued and  
heavy rains of August and the early part  
of September together with the appear-  
ance of the army or cotton worm in many  
portions of the State, having seriously af-  
fected the interests not only of the freed-  
men, but of the entire population of the  
State.

At the great fire in Quebec last week,  
2,500 houses were burned, and over two  
millions worth of property destroyed; 20,  
000 people are without a shelter.

## The Latest Fashions.

Since the invention and successful in-  
troduction of the Celebrated Duplex El-  
liptic (or double) Spring Hoop Skirts by  
Mr. J. W. Bradley of New York, the  
ladies throughout the country have given  
up the idea of discarding the fashion of  
wearing hoop skirts on account of the  
peculiar and graceful manner in which  
the Duplex Skirts adapt themselves to  
every exigency and emergency. So gen-  
erally acceptable have these Skirts be-  
come that the ladies regard them as a special  
favorite in view of the superior flexibility,  
lightness and durability combined in their  
manufacture. They also consider them  
a far more economical and comfortable  
Hoop Skirts that ever has or can be made  
for all crowded assemblages, for the pro-  
menade or house dress. Any lady after  
wearing one of these Skirts will never  
afterwards willingly dispense with their  
use. Long experience in the manufacture  
of Hoop Skirts has proven to the propi-  
etors of this invention that single-springs  
will always retain that stiff, unyielding  
and bungling style which has over char-  
acterized them, whereas the double-spring  
hoop, or the Duplex Elliptic, will be  
found free from these objections. Not-  
withstanding the ability of the manufac-  
turers, Messrs. Wests', Bradley & Cary, to  
turn out over six thousand Skirts per day  
from their large manufacturing in New  
York, they feel obliged to request all  
merchants ordering the Duplex Elliptic  
Skirts, to send their orders a few days  
before they are wanted, if possible as they  
are always most constantly oversold some  
days ahead.

A HISTORIC FARM.—The St Gene-  
vieve Representative of last week says:

Last week we visited the neighborhood  
of New Bourbon, and on our friend John  
D. Kern, Esq., whom we found busily  
engaged with his employers, gathering  
the last of his grape crop.

This farm was originally improved by one  
of the Bourbon nobility, who left France  
during the revolution, and sought refuge  
and safety on the then unknown banks  
of the Mississippi. In the midst of a fine  
orchard we were shown the spot where the  
refuge Frenchman erected his dwelling, a  
beautiful spot, commanding a magnificent  
view of the country for many miles up  
and down the river, showing that he was  
a man of good taste. In the orchard we  
were shown a venerable pear tree planted  
by this same foreigner, which shows how  
great the fruit trees grown here in South-  
east Missouri. Until last season, when it  
was struck by lightning and killed. It  
produced very largely, bearing in a single  
season as high as ten barrels of pears, a  
little fortune within itself.

Indiana Election—Kerr's District

It is stated that the Republican major-  
ity in Indiana, on the State ticket, reach-  
es about 14,000. On the Congressional  
vote the majority will be still less. Nib-  
lack (Democrat) has a largely increased  
majority in his District. These are the  
Districts in which General Hillier's  
speech and letter to Kerr were most cir-  
culated, which brought out a letter from  
General Grant to Hillier which Gresham  
published with so great a flourish of  
trumpets. Floyd county, Hillier's old  
home, gives Kerr majorities in every pre-  
cinct, and nearly doubles his majority of  
1864. This will be gratifying to the nu-  
merous friends of Gen. P. in St. Louis.  
Republican.

Mutilated Currency.

The Treasurer of the United States de-  
sires to call the attention of those for-  
warding mutilated and defaced fractional  
currency to the Treasury for redemption  
of forwarding a communication with the  
same stating the amount forwarded and  
the name and postoffice address of the  
writer. The redemption division is now  
in possession of a considerable amount of  
currency to the ownership of which no  
clue can be obtained in consequence of  
the carelessness of the persons by whom  
it was forwarded.

A Conservative Gain In The Next  
Congress.

After all the noise and outcry made by  
the Radicals over the election in Maine,  
Vermont, Oregon, Ohio, Pennsylvania  
and Indiana, it turns out that in these six  
States the Radicals gain but one member  
of Congress.

In Missouri, Kentucky, New York,  
Maryland, and Illinois, they will certain-  
ly lose one or two each; so that the fall  
election are certain to result in a gain of  
Conservative members in the next Con-  
gress.—St. Louis dispatch.

PAPER MILLS IN THE UNITED STATES.

—There are seven hundred and fifty  
paper mills in active operation in the  
United States. They produce two hun-  
dred and seventy million pounds of pa-  
per, which, at an average of ten cents per  
pound, would be worth \$27,000,000. As  
it requires about a pound and one-half of  
logs to make one pound of paper, there  
are consumed by these mills four hun-  
dred million pounds in a single year. If  
we estimate the logs to cost four cents  
per pound, there would be a profit of \$1,  
600,000 in this branch of business.

Return of Texans Captured by the  
Indians

Governor Throckmorton, of Texas, has  
sent a special message to the legislature  
of that State, announcing the return of  
eleven persons from captivity among the  
Indians. Among them were several wo-  
men and children, of whom the Governor  
says:

The story of long suffering of these  
helpless women and little children consti-  
tutes but a slight episode in the great  
history of the terrible calamities encoun-  
tered by the people of the frontier.  
Mrs. McDonald, and those with her, ex-  
cept the lad, James Benson, were cap-  
tured in Gillespie county, on the 8th of  
June, 1865. Her husband was wounded  
at the time. James Benson was captured  
in Hamilton county, but has no recollec-  
tion of the time. I learned that his wid-  
owed mother resides near Fredericksburg.  
The prisoners were brought in the Kiowa  
and Comanches, and delivered to the  
United States Indian agent at the mouth  
of the Little Arkansas, in October last  
at which time a treaty was made with  
them and other wild tribes. Those, added  
to others reclaimed heretofore, make  
twenty-two persons reclaimed from the  
Indians within eighteen months. There  
are quite a number of prisoners yet in the  
hands of the Indians, some of whom  
were captured before the making of the  
treaty referred to and others taken since.  
It has been but a few weeks ago in Cook  
county, that a Mr. Box was murdered,  
and his two grown daughters were carried  
off.

The last mail brought the intelligence

of the murder in Jack county, of  
Enoch Jones and son and two negroes,  
after a most desperate struggle with the  
savages; so that we see treaties with these  
perfidious people are of no avail. I trust  
the day of retribution is not far distant.  
The time has come when every citizen  
of the heart demands that this long con-  
tinued scene of murder and rapine should  
cease. I shall use every means in my  
power to impress upon the